

#### **DVL1** Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5629

#### **Specification**

# **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application WB, IF,E Primary Accession 014640

Other Accession P51141, Q5IS48, Q9WVB9, P54792

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Predicted Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Calculated MW H=75,73;M=75;R=75 KDa

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source HUMAN

# **DVL1** Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 1855** 

**Antigen Region** 

442-470

## **Other Names**

Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1, Dishevelled-1, DSH homolog 1, DVL1

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:2000 IF~~1:25

## **Target/Specificity**

This DVL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 442-470 amino acids from the Central region of human DVL1.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

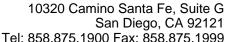
## **Precautions**

DVL1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

Name DVL1

## **Function**





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Participates in Wnt signaling by binding to the cytoplasmic C-terminus of frizzled family members and transducing the Wnt signal to down-stream effectors. Plays a role both in canonical and non-canonical Wnt signaling. Plays a role in the signal transduction pathways mediated by multiple Wnt genes. Required for LEF1 activation upon WNT1 and WNT3A signaling. DVL1 and PAK1 form a ternary complex with MUSK which is important for MUSK-dependent regulation of AChR clustering during the formation of the neuromuscular junction (NMJ).

#### **Cellular Location**

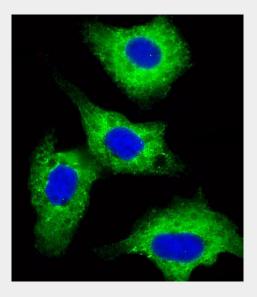
Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle Note=Localizes at the cell membrane upon interaction with frizzled family members.

# **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

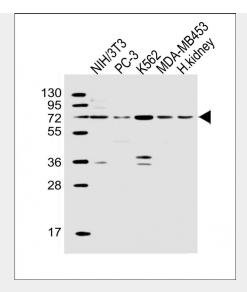
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - Images**



Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0. 1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HepG2 (human liver hepatocellular carcinoma cell line) cells labeling Pdx1 with AP12326C at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (NK179883) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing cytoplasm staining on HepG2 cell line. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).





All lanes : Anti-DVL1 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: PC-3 whole cell lysate Lane 3: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 4: MDA-MB453 whole cell lysate Lane 5: human kidney lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 75 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

## **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - Background**

DVL1, the human homolog of the Drosophila dishevelled gene (dsh) encodes a cytoplasmic phosphoprotein that regulates cell proliferation, acting as a transducer molecule for developmental processes, including segmentation and neuroblast specification. DVL1 is a candidate gene for neuroblastomatous transformation. The Schwartz-Jampel syndrome and Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease type 2A have been mapped to the same region as DVL1. The phenotypes of these diseases may be consistent with defects which might be expected from aberrant expression of a DVL gene during development.

#### **DVL1 Antibody (Center) - References**

Metcalfe, C., et al. J. Cell. Sci. 123 (PT 9), 1588-1599 (2010): Hu, T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(18):13561-13568(2010) Varelas, X., et al. Dev. Cell 18(4):579-591(2010) Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010): Guo, J., et al. PLoS ONE 4 (11), E7982 (2009):